

M1(H1N1)(A/PR8/34) ELISA Development Kit Catalog Number: IT-E3Ag-M1(H1N1)(A/PR8/34)

**Description:** M1(H1N1)(A/PR8/34) ELISA Development Kit contains the key components required for the quantitative analysis of M1(H1N1)(A/PR8/34) concentrations in cell culture supernatants and serum within the range of 0.1-100ng/ml in a sandwich ELISA format. The components supplied in this kit are sufficient to perform the assay in five 96-well ELISA plates.

## **REAGENTS PROVIDED**

**Capture Antibody:** 100µl of 1mg/ml anti-M1(H1N1) (A/PR8/34) monoclonal antibody.

M1(H1N1)(A/PR8/34) Standard:  $50\mu l$  of  $50\mu g/ml$  recombinant  $M1(H1N1)(Influenza\ A)$ .

**Detection Antibody:** 50µl of biotinylated monoclonal antibody against M1(H1N1)(A/PR8/34).

**Streptavidin-HRP Conjugate**: 25µl of HRP-conjugated streptavidin.

#### **RECOMMENDED MATERIALS & SOLUTIONS\***

ELISA 96-well plates (Corning Prod # 3590 or equivalent plate)

**Block Buffer:** 5% skim milk in PBS **Wash Buffer:** 0.05% Tween-20 in PBS

**Diluent:** 0.05% Tween-20, 0.1% skim milk in PBS

**Substrate:** TMB Peroxidase Substrate **Stop Solution:** 2N Sulfuric Acid

\*Alternatively, these could be purchased under Cat.# IT-200-002

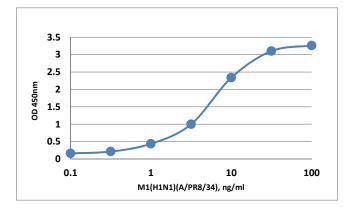
- ELISA Plate/Buffer/Substrate Kit.

### PLATE PREPARATION

- For each 96-well plate, dilute 20μl of Capture Antibody with 10.5ml of 1xPBS to prepare a coating solution. Immediately add 100μl of the coating solution to each well. Seal the plate and incubate overnight at 4°C.
- 2. Remove the coating solution by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it briefly against clean paper towels.
- 3. Add 300µl of Block Buffer to each well. Incubate for at least 1 hour at room temperature.
- 4. Aspirate to remove Block Buffer and wash the plate 4 times with 300µl of wash buffer per well.

# ASSAY PROCEDURE

- **1. Standard/Sample:** Dilute standard with Diluent to eight concentrations (100ng/ml, 31.6ng/ml, 10ng/ml, 3.16ng/ml, 1ng/ml, 0.316ng/ml, 0.1ng/ml, and 0ng/ml). Immediately, add 100μl of Standard and sample to each well in triplicate. Incubate at 37°C for 1 hour.
- 2. **Detection:** Aspirate and wash plate 4 times. Dilute 10μl of Detection Antibody with 10.5ml of Diluent to prepare a detection solution. Add 100μl of the detection solution into each well. Incubate at 37°C for 1 hour.
- 3. Streptavidin Peroxidase: Aspirate and wash plate 4 times. Dilute 5µl of Streptavidin-HRP conjugate with 10.5ml of Diluent. Add 100µl into each well. Incubate at 37°C for 45 minutes.
- **4. Substrate/Stop:** Aspirate and wash plate 4 times. Add 100μl of TMB Peroxidase Substrate into each well. Incubate at 37°C for 25 minutes. Then add 100μl of Stop Solution to each well.
- **5. Read:** Determine the optical density of each well within 30 minutes, using a microplate reader set to 450nm.
- 6. Analysis: Average the triplicate reading for each standard, control, and sample, then subtract the average zero standard optical density. Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) or other curve-fit. The M1(H1N1) (A/PR8/34) concentration in sample can be determined by regression analysis. If samples have been diluted, the concentration calculated from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.



#### Reference

John R. Crowther. The ELISA Guidebook (Methods in Molecular Biology), Humana Press, 2000.